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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/507,485	02/10/2000	Craig Henry Becker	TU-99-061/IBMT-023	7558	
33595 7:	590 07/29/2003				
	INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES CORPÓRATION			NER	
9000 SOUTH I TUCSON, AZ			STONE, JONATHAN D		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2178		
			DATE MAILED: 07/29/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	A	oplication No.	Applicant(s)	-4
Office Action Summary		9/507,485	BECKER ET AL.	
		aminer	Art Unit	
The MAN INC DATE AND	Jo	nathan D Stone	2178	
The MAILING DATE of this con Period for Reply	mmunication appears	s on the cover sheet	with the correspondence ad	dr ss
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERI THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COM Extensions of time may be available under the pro- after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of th If the period for reply specified above is less than If NO period for reply is specified above, the maxi Failure to reply within the set or extended period for any reply received by the Office later than three mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.70 Status	MUNICA I ION. ovisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). is communication. thirty (30) days, a reply with mum statutory period will apport reply will, by statute, caus norths after the mailing days.	In no event, however, may in the statutory minimum of to bly and will expire SIX (6) M	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely ONTHS from the mailing date of this co	v. mmunication.
	/-> El. 1 . 40 E .			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication 2a)□ This action is FINAL.				
,		tion is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in con closed in accordance with the Disposition of Claims	practice under <i>Ex p</i>	except for formal m arte Quayle, 1935 (ratters, prosecution as to the C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	e merits is
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are pending in				
4a) Of the above claim(s)	_is/are withdrawn fro	om consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected	to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to re Application Papers	estriction and/or elec	ction requirement.		
9)☐ The specification is objected to b	by the Examiner.			
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/		r b)∏ objected to by	the Examiner	
Applicant may not request that an				•
11) The proposed drawing correction			disapproved by the Examiner	
If approved, corrected drawings as			pproved by the Examinor	•
12) The oath or declaration is objected	ed to by the Examine	er.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13) Acknowledgment is made of a c	laim for foreign prior	ity under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) All b) Some * c) None				
1. Certified copies of the price	ority documents have	e been received.		
2. Certified copies of the price			Application No.	
<u> </u>	ies of the priority do ternational Bureau (cuments have been	received in this National St	age
14) Acknowledgment is made of a clai				nnlinetie=\
a) The translation of the foreign				pplication).
15) Acknowledgment is made of a cla	im for domestic prior	rity under 35 U.S.C.	§§ 120 and/or 121.	
Attachment(s)	·			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Revier 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-144)	w (PTO-948) 9) Paper No(s) <u>2</u> .	4) Interview 5) Notice of 1 6) Other:	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-1	52)
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)	Office Action Su	mmary	Part of Paper No. 4	

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This action is responsive to communications: Application filed on 2/10/00.
- 2. IDS filed on 2/10/00 (paper 2).
- 3. Claims 1-24 are pending in the case. Claims 1, 10-12, 21-24 are independent claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-7, 9-18, 20-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cohen et al (herein Cohen; USPN 6377983 – filing date 11/13/1998) in view of Logan et al (herein Logan; USPN 5761683 – filing date 2/13/1996).

5. Regarding independent claims 1, 10-12, 21-24, Cohen teaches recording characteristics of underlying data when that data is accessed by corresponding linked documents (col 3, ln 16-25). Although Cohen does not explicitly teach storing said characteristic data in a database, the use of databases in such data storage embodiments was known and typical in the art at the time of the invention. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to store such information in an organized manner in a database. This would have facilitated faster data recovery.

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Cohen teaches receiving information to determine if a previous user in a predefined access group has previously selected a hyperlink (col 4, ln 3-15). Cohen also teaches presenting information to users about hyperlinks followed by access groups only if those groups previously accessed said hyperlinks (col 3, ln 26-47 and col 4, ln 3-15). Cohen does not explicitly teach presenting information representing characteristics of the data. However, Logan teaches modifying the presentation of a document to represent characteristics of the document (col 2, ln 1-52). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine Cohen and Logan in order to give the user a modified presentation based on the characteristics of document. This would have provided better navigation guidance to a user by enabling the invention to highlight documents trails.

Additionally, Cohen does not explicitly teach a cursor proximate to a hyperlink as a method of input. However, it was known and typical in the art at the time of the invention for web pages and other software to output text and annotations in the form of popup bubbles, as in help environments or for more detailed information regarding underlying data (reference applicant's admitted prior art, JP11039310). In such embodiments the page is presented free from any enhancements without a proper user input. When a cursor is placed proximate to the hyperlink, the hyperlink is analyzed and the appropriate presentation modification is displayed. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to activate Cohen's invention upon a cursor being placed proximate to a hyperlink. This would have eased the workload of a user by reducing the number of clicks with a mouse a user had to perform to view additional information.

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Regarding claims 22 and 23, Cohen teaches the implementation of his invention in a networking environment in which a number of users can take advantage of information regarding links previously visited by a plurality of users (col 4, $\ln 3-15$ and col 4, $\ln 66 - \cot 5$, $\ln 27$).

- 6. Regarding dependent claims 2, 13, Cohen does not explicitly teach presenting enhancements including text and graphics, as well as sound and tactile output. However, Logan does teach presenting enhancements including displaying text and graphics (col 2, ln 18-52). Although Logan does not explicitly teach the output of generating sound and providing tactile output, such forms of web page output were known and typical in the art at the time of the invention. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine Cohen and Logan and to include various types of output. This would have enabled users with disabilities to access the data.
- 7. Regarding dependent claims 3, 14, Cohen does not explicitly teach choosing from a set of databases prior to analyzing the hyperlink. However, Cohen does teach choosing from a set of access groups (col 4, ln 3-15). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Cohen in order to have a related database associated with each access group be selected along with the related access group. This modification would have provided better navigation guidance to a user.

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8. Regarding dependent claims 4, 15, Cohen teaches a user selecting types of characteristics of interest to the user, wherein the presenting operation is then limited to those characteristics (col 11, ln 43 – col 12, ln 21).

- 9. Regarding dependent claims 5, 16, Cohen does not explicitly teach user input including depressing a mouse button. However, Logan teaches a presentation modification that inserts an extra web page in between the originating web page and the underlying data such that a mouse click may be required to navigate to the enhancement, and then proceed to the underlying data (col 2, ln 18-32). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine Cohen and Logan. The combination of Logan and Cohen would have provided better navigation guidance to a user, allowing common input such as a mouse click.
- 10. **Regarding dependent claims 6-7, 17-18,** Cohen teaches an access group having one user (col 3, ln 1-15) and multiple users (col 4, ln 3-15).
- 11. **Regarding dependent claims 9, 20,** Cohen teaches a number of data characteristics being saved, including if the page was arrived at via selection of a stored bookmark (indicating the user has bookmarked the underlying data; col 3, ln 25-46).

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Claims 8, 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cohen in view of

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Logan and in further view of Fogg et al (herein Fogg; USPN 6163778 - filing date 2/6/1998).

12. Regarding dependent claims 8, 19, Cohen and Logan do not explicitly teach soliciting a

user specification of a user rating or representative multimedia symbols and recording the

response in a database. However, Fogg does teach acquiring rating information based on a

user's attempted access of a hyperlink or page and further storing the rating in a database (col 1,

ln 51 - col 2, ln 10 and Fig. 7). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at

the time of the invention to combine Fogg with Cohen and Logan. Such a combination would

have provided a user with better navigation assistance by pointing a user in the right direction.

13. Prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to disclosure.

US-6,557,015

to:

Bates et al.

US-6,411,996

to:

Albers, Michael C.

Conclusion

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Jonathan D Stone whose telephone number is (703) 305-7854.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Heather R Herndon can be reached on (703) 308-5186. The fax phone numbers for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 746-7239 for regular

communications and (703) 746-7238 for After Final communications. Responses to this action

may be mailed to:

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Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to:

Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive Arlington, VA, Fourth Floor (receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

JDS July 15, 2003

> STEPHEN S. HONG PRIMARY EXAMINER